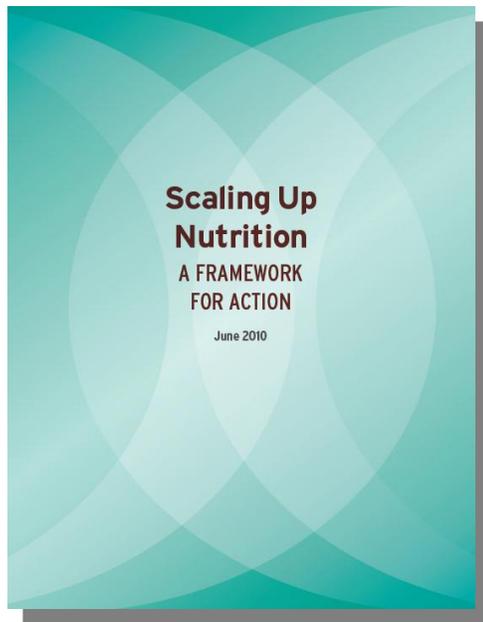


Scaling Up Nutrition (SUN)

March 2011

We need to act now to scale up



September 2010

- 1 ■ **FOCUS:** *there is renewed international **focus on human rights** as a basis for economic, social and human development, and on addressing food and nutrition security within that framework*
- 2 ■ **EVIDENCE:** *there is abundant **evidence** on the impact of under-nutrition on infant and young child mortality and its largely irreversible long-term effects on intellectual, physical and social development as well as on health*
- 3 ■ **RECOGNITION:** *there is **widespread recognition** (“a burden of knowledge”) that a series of well-tested and low-cost interventions can protect the nutrition of vulnerable individuals and communities and benefit millions of individuals if incorporated into agriculture, social protection, health and educational programmes*

The burden of knowledge



Promoting good nutritional practices

Breastfeeding

Complementary feeding

Improved hygiene practices including (esp. hand washing)

Increasing intake of vitamins and minerals

Periodic vitamin A supplements

Therapeutic zinc supplements for diarrhea management

Multiple micronutrient powders

De-worming drugs

Iron-folic acid supplements¹

Iodized oil capsules where iodized salt is unavailable¹

Iron fortification of staple foods²

Salt iodization²

Therapeutic feeding for malnourished children with special foods

Prevention or treatment for moderate undernutrition

Treatment of severe acute undernutrition

THE LANCET

"The attribution of more than a third of child deaths and more than 10% of total global disease burden to maternal and child undernutrition demonstrates the huge importance of these prevalent risk factors to international health goals."



Scaling Up Nutrition
What Will It Cost?

Seamus Horton
Monica Driker
Christine McDonald
Amy Walker
Jane Kyriacou Brooks

SUN Road Map

- ❑ Designed for National Authorities affected by under nutrition and development partners that seek to support them. Many countries are already Scaling up Nutrition.
- ❑ Evidence based: long term and irreversible impact of under nutrition, and exceptional benefits of nutritional interventions.
- ❑ Support to country-led efforts will differ in each context, it will be important that external support is coordinated through a clearly identified mechanism that also help ensure that this support strengthens and adds value to what already exists
- ❑ Speakers at the MDG Summit side event challenged Governments and other stakeholders to demonstrate measurable results within 1,000 days of action.
- ❑ Expectation that country-level progress can be demonstrated within this period: scale-up and increased impact is possible.

1,000 Days



- ❑ In September 2010, on the margins of the Millennium Development Goals summit, Secretary of State Hillary Rodham Clinton and Irish Minister for Foreign Affairs Micheál Martin hosted an event to launch “1,000 Days”.
- ❑ 1,000 Days is a global effort supported by many partners to jumpstart the implementation of the UN-led Scaling Up Nutrition (SUN) Framework and Roadmap for addressing undernutrition during pregnancy and early childhood.
- ❑ 1,000 Days represents both a crucial time period for a child’s physical and cognitive development, as well as a key window for action at the international and country level to scale up nutrition efforts.



Priority responses for Scaling Up Nutrition

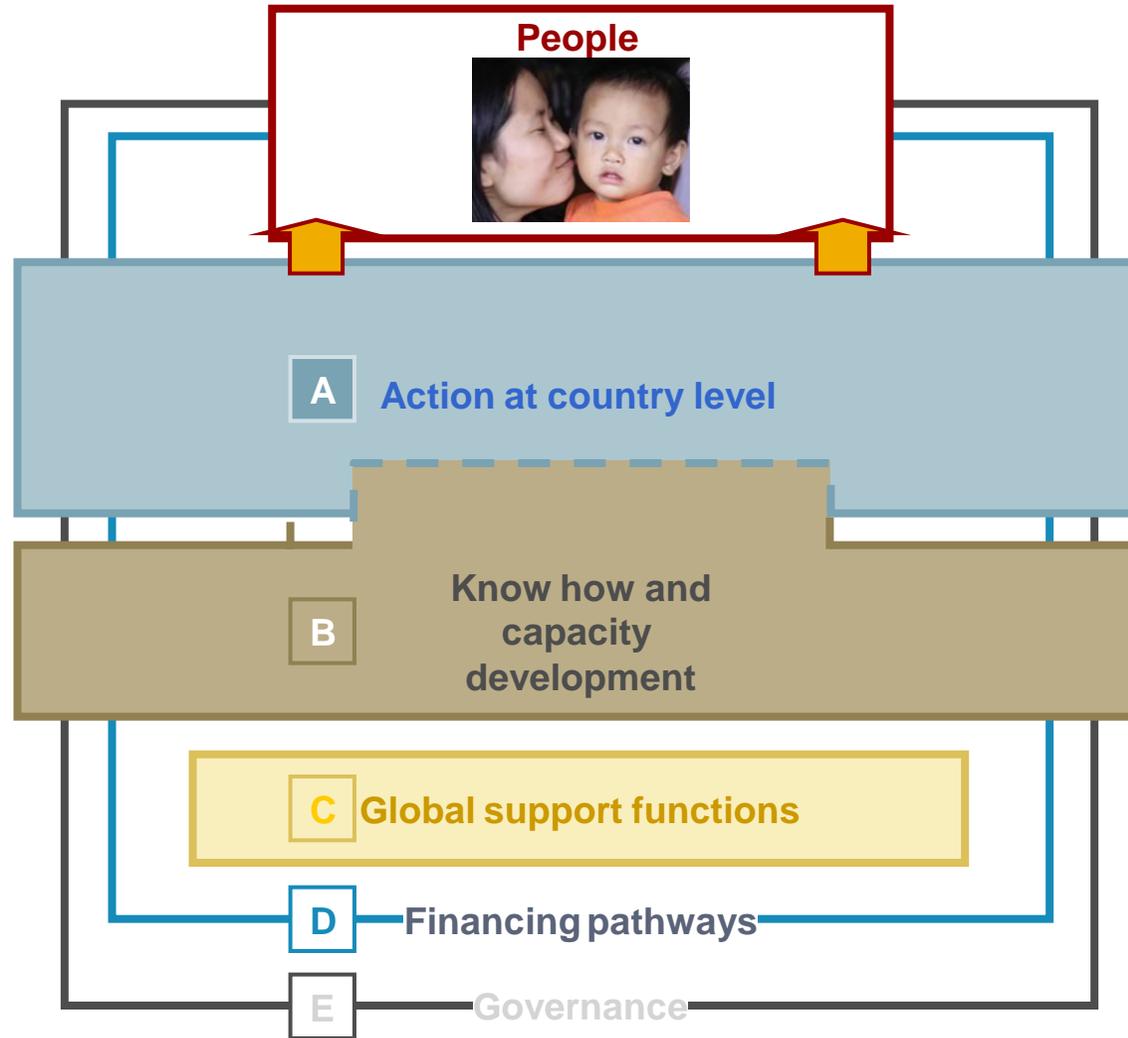
Seeking to Ensure
Food, Nutrition and
Health Security for
All using a Human
Rights Framework

High Coverage of
Nutrition Specific
Interventions

Concerted Focus on
Nutrition Sensitive
Development

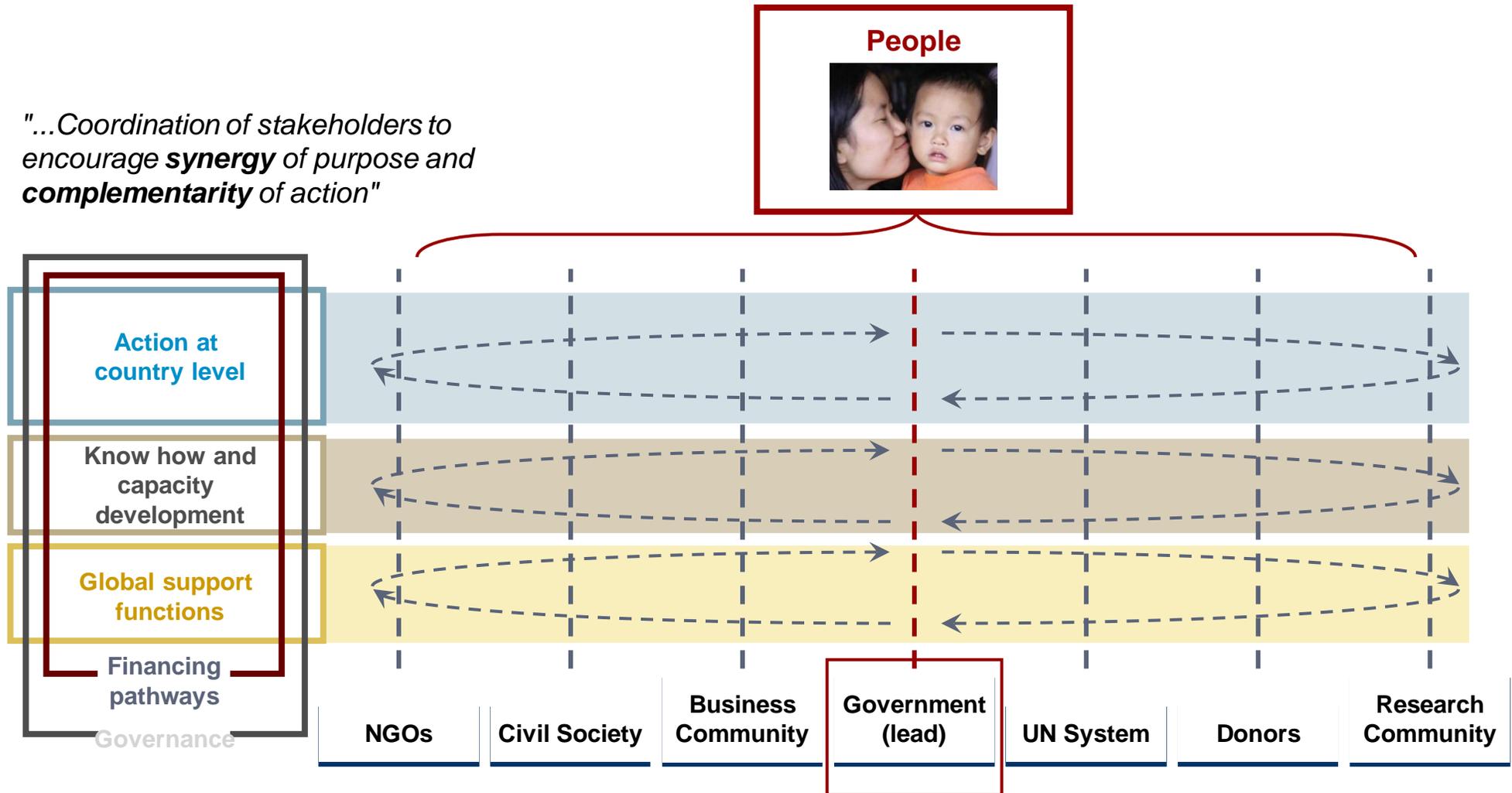
People at the center of all considerations

Elements of the SUN Roadmap focus on five levels



Efforts of stakeholders need to be coordinated on all levels

"...Coordination of stakeholders to encourage **synergy** of purpose and **complementarity** of action"



How SUN is working to advance the Roadmap

- ❑ Chaired by the Secretary General's Special Representative for Food Security and Nutrition - meeting monthly
- ❑ Under the patronage of the Chair of the SCN
- ❑ Transition Team of 13 individuals from different constituencies
- ❑ Strong roles of FAO and WHO, WFP and UNICEF
- ❑ Linked to Governing Bodies (CFS, WHA, ECOSOC)
- ❑ Taking responsibility for advancing the Road Map
- ❑ Six "Facilitated" Task Forces established
- ❑ Linking to broader constituencies
- ❑ High level tracking and milestones
- ❑ Increasing number of countries requesting to participate
- ❑ Total focus – aligning support to multi-stakeholder actions in country and demonstrating results